LABORATORY & MEDICAL OFFICE PANDEMIC INFLUENZA PLANNING CHECKLIST

These checklists provide a quick starting point for your organization to evaluate your preparedness for an influenza pandemic. Further checklists, guidelines, information about the current global spread of avian influenza and preparedness information may be found at: http://www.pandemicflu.gov/

Сотретев	In progress	Not Started	
			Institute surveillance for influenza-like illnesses (ILI) among lab personnel working with novel influenza viruses
			Develop and test a plan for surge capacity to meet the needs of your jurisdiction during a pandemic.
			Regularly assess your influenza diagnostic testing proficiency and adherence to biosafety containment and biomonitoring practices.
		777	Inform clinicians, laboratory personnel and other staff of protocols for safe specimen collection, handling, storing, transporting, and shipping; How and to whom a potential case of novel influenza should be reported, and when to submit specimens to referral or the public health laboratory.

MEDICAL OFFICES AND CLINICS PANDEMIC INFLUENZA PLANNING CHECKLIST

Planning for pandemic influenza is critical for ensuring a sustainable healthcare response. The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) have developed the following checklist to help medical offices and ambulatory clinics assess and improve their preparedness for responding to pandemic influenza. This checklist is modeled after a pandemic preparedness checklist for hospitals and should be used in conjunction with guidance on healthcare preparedness planning in Supplement 3 of the HHS Pandemic Influenza Plan. Many of the issues included in the checklist are also relevant to other outpatient settings that provide episodic and chronic healthcare services (e.g., dental, podiatric, and chiropractic offices, ambulatory surgery centers, hemodialysis centers). Given the variety of healthcare settings, individual medical offices and clinics may need to adapt this checklist to meet their unique needs. Further information can be found at www.pandemicflu.gov.

This checklist identifies key areas for pandemic influenza planning. Medical offices and clinics can use this tool to identify the strengths and weaknesses of current planning efforts. Links to websites with information are provided throughout the document. However, actively seeking information that is available locally or at the state level will be necessary to complete the development of the plan. Also, for some elements of the plan (e.g., education and training programs), information may not be immediately available and it will be necessary to monitor selected websites for new and updated information.

1. Structure for planning and decision making.					
Completed	In Progress	Not Started			
			Pandemic influenza has been incorporated into emergency management planning for the organization. A planning committee has been created to specifically address pandemic influenza preparedness for the planning committee.		

A person has been assigned responsibility for coordinating preparedness planning for the practice or organization (hereafter referred to as the pandemic influenza response coordinator).

(Insert name, title and contact information)

medical office or clinic.

Members of the planning committee include the following: (Insert below or attach list with name, title and contact information for each)

Administration:

Medical staff: ______Nursing: _____

Reception personnel:

Environmental services (if applicable):

Clinic laboratory personnel (if applicable):

Other member(s):

A point of contact (e.g., person assigned infection control responsibility for the organization or an outside consultant²) for questions/consultation on infection control measures to prevent transmission of pandemic influenza has been identified. (Insert name, title, and contact information)

1. The committee could be very small (e.g., two or three staff members) or very large, depending on the size and needs of the organization.
2. Formal memorandum of understanding or contract may be needed if an outside consultant is used.



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2. Devel	opment of	a written	pandemic influenza plan.	
Completed	In Progress	Not Started		
			Copies of relevant sections of the Department of Health and Human Services Pandemic Influenza Plan have been obtained from www.hhs.gov/pandemicflu/plan : copies of available state pandemic plans also should be obtained.	
			A written plan has been completed or is in progress that includes the elements listed in #3 below.	
Ŏ		ā	The plan describes the organizational structure that will be used to operationalize (i.e., lines of authority) the plan.	
			The plan incorporates and compliments the community response plan.	
3. Eleme	ents of an i	influenza j	oandemic plan.	
Completed	In Progress	Not Started		
			A plan is in place for surveillance and detection of pandemic influenza in the population served.	
]			Responsibility has been assigned for monitoring public health advisories (federal and state) and informing members of the pandemic influenza planning committee and/or the pandemic influenza response coordinator when pandemic influenza is in the United States and when it is nearing the geographic area (e.g., state and/or city). (For more information, see www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivity.htm) (Insert name, title and contact information)	
			A system has been created to monitor and review influenza activity in patients cared for by clinical staff (i.e., weekly or daily number of patients calling or presenting to the office or clinic with influenza-like illness) and among medical office or clinic staff. (For more information see https://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/diagnosis/) (Monitoring for seasonal influenza activity is performe to ensure that the monitoring system for pandemic influenza will be effective and will ensure that organizations can detect stressors that may affect organizational capacity, such as staffing and suppleneeds, and hospital and emergency department capacity [and supply needs] during a pandemic)	
		The state of the s	A system is in place to report unusual cases of influenza-like illness and influenza to the local or state health department. (For more information see www.hhs.gov/pandemicflu/plan/sup1.html#outpat and www.hhs.gov/pandemicflu/plan/sup5.html#nov)	
			A communication plan has been developed.	
			Key public health points of contact for pandemic influenza have been identified and arrangements have been made for telephone, facsimile, or e-mail messaging.	
	Towns on the second of		Local health department contact: (Insert name, title and contact information)	
			State health department contact: (Insert name, title and contact information)	
			The office or clinic's point person for external communication has been assigned. (Insert name, title and contact information)	
			(Having one person who speaks with the health department, and if necessary, media, local politicians, etc., will help ensure consistent communication is provided by the organization)	
			A list has been created of healthcare entities and their points of contact (e.g., local hospitals/health facilities, home health care agencies, social service agencies, emergency medical services, commerciand clinical laboratories, relevant community organizations [including those involved with disaster preparedness]) with whom the medical office or clinic anticipates that it will be necessary to maintait communication and coordination of care during a pandemic. (Attach or insert location of contact list	

•	T	1	pandemic plan. (continued)
Completed	In Progress	Not Started	
			A plan for implementing Respiratory Hygiene/Cough Etiquette is in place. (For more information see www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/infectioncontrol/resphygiene.htm)
			 Signage (language appropriate) directing patients and those accompanying them to notify reception personnel if they have symptoms of pandemic influenza has been developed or a source of signage (e.g., CDC website above) has been identified.
			• Signage (language appropriate) on Respiratory Hygiene/Cough Etiquette instructing symptomatic persons to use tissues to cover their cough to contain respiratory secretions and perform hand hygiene has been developed or a source of signage (e.g., CDC website above) has been identified.
			 The plan includes distributing masks to symptomatic patients who are able to wear them (adult and pediatric sizes should be available), providing facial tissues, receptacles for their disposal and hand hygiene materials in waiting areas and examination rooms.
			• Implementation of Respiratory Hygiene/Cough Etiquette has been exercised during seasons when influenza and other respiratory viruses (e.g., respiratory syncytial virus, parainfluenza virus) are circulating in communities.
			• If patients with pandemic influenza will be evaluated in the same location as patients without an influenza-like illness, separate examination rooms have been designated for evaluation of patients with symptoms of pandemic influenza.
			• A policy is in place that requires healthcare personnel to use Standard (www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dhqp/gl_isolation_standard.html) and Droplet Precautions (i.e., mask for close contact) (www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dhqp/gl_isolation_droplet.html) with symptomatic patients.
			 The policy includes protection of reception and triage personnel at initial points of patient encounter.
			A vaccine and antiviral use plan has been developed.
			Websites where current federal and/or state health department recommendations for the use and availability of pandemic influenza vaccines and antiviral medications have been identified. (for more information see www.hbs.gov/pandemicflu/plan/sup6.html)
			An estimate of the number of personnel and patients who would be targeted as first and second priority for receipt of pandemic influenza vaccine or antiviral prophylaxis, based on HHS guidance for use, has been developed. (www.dhhs.gov/nvpo/pandemicplan/annex6.pdf) (This estimate can be used for considering which patients may need to be notified first about vaccine or antiviral availability, anticipating staffing requirements for distribution of vaccines and antivirals, and for procurement purposes)
			An occupational health plan has been developed and includes the following:
			A liberal/non-punitive sick leave policy for managing personnel who have symptoms of or documented illness with pandemic influenza.
		-	The policy considers:
		and delication of the control of the	• The handling of staff who become ill at work.
	-	ACCULATION AND ACCU	• When personnel may return to work after recovering from pandemic influenza.
***************************************			 When personnel who are symptomatic, but well enough to work, will be permitted to continue working.
			• Personnel who need to care for their ill family members.
A CAMPAGAAAA	***************************************		A system for evaluating symptomatic personnel before they report for duty and tested during a non-pandemic influenza period.
	70 to 466 and 4		Mental health and faith-based resources that are available to provide counseling to personnel during a pandemic.

medical supplies, when there is evidence that pandemic influenza has reached the United States.